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BellSouth Telecommunications, Inc. 333 Commerce Street Suite 2101 Nashville, TN 37201-3300

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TR.A. DOCKET ROOM August 15, 2003 **Guy M. Hicks** General Counsel

615 214 6301 Fax 615 214 7406

### VIA HAND DELIVERY

Ms. Deborah Taylor Tate, Chairman Tennessee Regulatory Authority 460 James Robertson Parkway Nashville, TN 37238

Re:

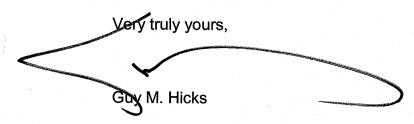
Petition for Arbitration of ITC^DeltaCom Communications, Inc. with BellSouth Telecommunications, Inc. Pursuant to the

Telecommunications Act of 1996

Docket No. 03-00119

### Dear Chairman Tate:

Enclosed are the original and fourteen copies of the revised joint Issues Matrix requested by the Hearing Officer. Issues 8, 20, 45 and 65, including all subparts and Issue 2(d), have been settled since the last Issues Matrix was filed on July 11, 2003. Copies of the enclosed are being provided to counsel for DeltaCom.



GMH:Is

## **CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE**

I hereby certify that on August 15, 2003, a copy of the foregoing document was served on the parties of record, via the method indicated:

| <ul><li>[ ] Hand</li><li>[ ] Mail</li><li>[ ] Facsimile</li><li>[ ] Overnight</li><li>[ Electronic</li></ul> | Henry Walker, Esquire<br>Boult, Cummings, et al.<br>414 Union Street, #1600<br>Nashville, TN 37219-8062<br>hwalker@boultcummings.com     |
|--|--|
| <ul><li>[ ] Hand</li><li>[ ] Mail</li><li>[ ] Facsimile</li><li>[ ] Overnight</li><li>[ Electronic</li></ul> | Nanette S. Edwards, Esquire ITC DeltaCom 4092 South Memorial Parkway Huntsville, AL 35802 nedwards@itcdeltacom.com                       |
| <ul><li>[ ] Hand</li><li>Mail</li><li>[ ] Facsimile</li><li>[ ] Overnight</li></ul>                          | David Adelman, Esquire<br>Charles B. Jones, III, Esquire<br>Sutherland Asbill & Brennan<br>999 Peachtree Street, NE<br>Atlanta, GA 30309 |



# ITC^DELTACOM/BELLSOUTH 2003 ARBITRATION ISSUES MATRIX TRA Docket No. 03-00119 Updated August 15, 2003

| •        | Section 251.   | agreement.                               |  |          |
|----------|--|--|--|----------|
|          | timeframe set by the FCC for review of its rules under     | start new negotiations for a new         |  |          |
| •        | than 3 years. This is consistent with the three year       | turned around a month or two later to    |  |          |
| **       | b) The term of the new Agreement should be no more         | four agreements in early 2002 and        |  |          |
|          |  | The parties literally executed the last  |  |          |
|          | manually.  | b) Five years. Three years is too short. |  |          |
|          | BellSouth to maintain old processes to be performed        |  |  |          |
|          | BellSouth's ability to implement new processes or forces   | operate under the existing agreement.    | at OTH at lOTH?                                |          |
| <b>-</b> | the expired Agreement to continue to apply as it stifles   | mat the parties will continue to         | or me agreement resuming mom mis               |          |
|          | unreasonable to require the rates, terms and conditions of | interconnection agreement provides       | of the format melling of the term              |          |
| <b>-</b> | BellSouth's Standard Interconnection Agreement. It is      | me existing agreement. The current       | b) If no what should be the leasth of the town |          |
|          | the 180-day period, the parties should default to          | than for Bell to simply continue under   | Commission's ruling on the arbitration?        |          |
|          | either through negotiation or arbitration. Subsequent to   | move to a completely new contract        | interconnection agreement pending the          |          |
| -        | approximately 15 months to enter into a new Agreement,     | a greater hardship to DeltaCom to        | under the Commission-approved                  |          |
| S        | negotiation provisions, this gives the parties             | pending any arbitration decision. It is  | d me parues                                    |          |
|          | 180 days after the expiration date. Combined with the re-  | Commission approved agreement            | Charlis dia mandi                              |          |
|          | provisions of the expired Agreement for no more than       | continue under an existing               | 2.1;2.3 – 2.0):                                |          |
| $\neg$   | a) Not indefinitely. The parties should operate under the  | a) Yes. DeltaCom should be permitted to  | Term of the Agreement (GTC - Section           | <u>.</u> |
| TOSUL    | NOTITE OF THE OWNER.                                       |  |  | NO.      |
| 22       | RELICOLTED BOSTTON   | DELTACOM POSITION                        | ISSUE DESCRIPTION                              | ISSUE    |

|  |  |   |   |  |  | Formation 1  |
|--|--|---|---|--|--|--|
|  |  |   |   |  |  | ISSUE NO.  |
|  |  | d) Should there be a credit or PMAP measure<br>for accuracy of directory listings and, if so,<br>what should the credit or PMAP measure?                  | c) Does DeltaCom have the right to review and edit its customers' directory listings?   | b) Is BellSouth required to provide an electronic feed of the directory listings of DeltaCom customers?  | a) Is BellSouth required to provide DeltaCom the same directory listing language it provides to AT&T?  | ISSUE DESCRIPTION  Directory Listings (GTC - Section 4; Attachment 6 - Section 2.2.2):                         |
| d) BellSouth will only return the monies collected/billed for the white page listings. Since Advertising dollars in the Yellow Pages (BAPCO) are not covered, BellSouth should be required to meet a Performance Standard. | c) Yes. Since DeltaCom is blind to the actions between BellSouth and BAPCO, and bears the financial responsibility to its end user, DeltaCom must be able to validate the accuracy of the listings.  | being printed is in the best interest of both parties.  | distinguished by the OCN. These should be extracted prior to book print for review. An electronic comparison of what was submitted to compare what is | they have been accurately submitted. b) CLECs' listings are commingled with the BellSouth listings, but  | reasonable time prior to publication in the BellSouth Directory. BellSouth sends the listings to BAPCO and DeltaCom should be able to verify that  | a) DeltaCom should have access to its end user customer listings in a  |
|  | c) DeltaCom has the right to review and edit its customer's directory listings through access to their customer service records. BellSouth Telecommunications does not have a database through which review and edits of directory listings may be made. This issue is between DeltaCom and BellSouth Advertising & Publishing Commany (RAPCO) and | Agreement and its tariff (such as Issue 15, DADAS). BellSouth is not required to provide an electronic feed of directory listings for DeltaCom customers. | b) BellSouth is required to provide access to its directory assistance database and charges fees to do so in both its                                 | or network element" under the same terms and conditions as the original Interconnection Agreement. Directory Listings are not a Section 251 requirement subject to Section 252(i). | terms and conditions and do not apply to other aspects of the Interconnection Agreement that are not required pursuant to Section 251. 47 USC § 252(i) only requires an ILEC to make available "any interconnection services." | a) Adoptions pursuant to 47 USC § 252(i) are limited to network elements, services, and interconnection rates. |
|  |  |   |   |  | d) Closed  | ISSUE<br>STATUS<br>a), b) and<br>c - Open  |

| b) Should BellSouth be required to provide information regarding the status of an order to DeltaCom to the same degree as that it provides to its retail representatives? | a) Should BellSouth be required to provide the same amount of pending order service detail to DeltaCom that BellSouth provides to its retail representatives? | 5 Access to Pending Order Information and Status of Order Information (Attachment 6 — Sections 1.5.1 and 4.3): | Should language covering tax liability be included in the interconnection agreement and, if so, should that language simply state that each party is responsible for its tax | b) Can DeltaCom continue to receive the advance notice of 45 days as long as BellSouth continues to provide such notice to other CLECs?  4 Tax Liability (GTC – Section 13.1): | a) Must BellSouth provide advance notice of changes to resale offerings? | ISSUE ISSUE DESCRIPTION  NO.  3 Advance Notice of Changes to Resold Offerings (GTC – Section 20.3): |
|---|---|--|--|--|--|---|
|   |   |  |  |  |  | DELTACOM POSITION   |
|   |   | Closed   |  | Closed   |  | BELLSOUTH POSITION  ISSUE STATUS  Closed  |

| b) What with re  | a) Shoul unbun Delta( provid service converto its c  | 8 Universal Carrier (Attachmer  | Should I provide condition  | 7 Addition - Section  |   | Should Be DeltaCom electronica BellSouth  | 6 Facility Sections  |
|--|--|---|---|---|---|---|--|
| b) What terms and conditions should apply with regard to UDLC? | a) Should BellSouth be required to provide an unbundled loop using IDLC technology to DeltaCom which will allow DeltaCom to provide consumers the same quality of service (i.e., no additional analog to digital conversions) as that offered by BellSouth to its customers? | Universal or Integrated Digital Loop Carrier ("UDLC/IDLC") Technology (Attachment 2 – Section 3.1): | Should BellSouth be required to temporarily provide features on the same terms and conditions as that it provides to its retail | Addition of Call Forwarding (Attachment 6 – Section 5.1.2): |   | Should BellSouth be required to provide to DeltaCom facility check information electronically in the same manner it does to BellSouth's retail operations?  | Facility Check Information (Attachment 6 – Sections 1.7 and 4.4):  |
| Ty.  | th it is in  | \$\$.   | ait d   | 1.6   |   |   | 5 - Yes. BellSouth is providing such information in Temnessee. BellSouth will not agree to do so in other states unless it   |
|  |  |   |   | more properly   | hearings, im returning an I functionality the impacted  |   | outh will inless it  |
|  |  |   |   | more properly placed in an SQM hearing.                     | hearings, impacted SQMs were initially based upon returning an FOC prior to facilities check. A change in functionality would also require a consideration for how the impacted measurements should be defined—an issue | should be addressed in the CCP. Further, BellSouth does not validate facilities availability for its retail operations at the point of order negotiation with its end-user customer. Despite the ordered implementation of this | Arbitration is not the appropriate forum for the resolution of this issue. This issue involves process and systems changes that affect all CLECs on a received being the control of the co |
|  |  | Closed  |   | Closed  | Measurement based upon A change in ation for how  | BellSouth does tail operations its end-user tation of this  | the resolution Closed s and systems  |

|  |  |  |  | NO.   |
|--|--|--|--|---|
| c) What standards should apply to network elements?  | a a a a a a a a a a a a a a a a a a a  | Section 4.2):  Should BellSouth be required to provide DeltaCom a completion notifier?  Access to TINEs (Attachment 2 – Sections | South be required to par OSS to DeltaCom which all to that provided by Bell's retail division?   | ISSUE DESCRIPTION  OSS Interfaces (Attachment 6 – Section 3.2):   |
|  | establish UNEs. This agreement must be approved by state commissions and therefore must compliant with state orders and regulations.  b) No. In fact, DeltaCom has network elements today that are not delivered to a collocation site.  c) Closed | a) Several states have retain authority to   |  | Yes. It is a requirement of the Telecom Act that OSS be nondiscriminatory.  |
| b) Not all UNEs terminate to a CLEC's collocation space, such as subloops. BellSouth's proposed language delineates those elements that do not terminate at the collocation space. c) Closed |  | a) Bell Cuth contends that the interconnection are proposed.   | applications that BellSouth provides nondiscriminatory access to its OSS for performing the functions of preordering, ordering, provisioning, maintenance and repair, and billing. To the extent DeltaCom seeks some modification to BellSouth's regional OSS, the appropriate forum is the CCP - not an individual interconnect agreement arbitration. Further, BellSouth believes that the current language contained in the Interconnection Agreement Sections 1.2 and 3.2 adequately states what BellSouth provides regarding interfaces to OSS. | BELLSOUTH POSITION  The FCC and the nine state regulatory authorities for BellSouth's region have ruled in all of BellSouth's 271 |
|  | subparts (a) and (b) Closed as to subpart (c)  | Closed   |  | ISSUE<br>STATUS<br>Open   |

| Does Inside Wire Include Both Wire Owned and Controlled by BellSouth (Attachment 2 – Section 2.2.1):  Should BellSouth be required to provide access to inside wire that is owned and/or controlled by BellSouth? | DADAS (Attachment 2 – Section 13.6.1):  Should the rates, terms and conditions for DADAS be included in the interconnection agreement? | Prohibition of Use of UNEs to Provide Wireless Service (Attachment 2 — Section 1.5):  Should the interconnection agreement prohibit the use of UNEs to provide wireless telecommunications services? | Should the interconnection agreement refer to both BellSouth and DeltaCom tariffs?  13 Testing of UNEs (Attachment 6 – Section 4.6.23): | ISSUE ISSUE DESCRIPTION  NO.  12 Reciprocity of UNE Services and Conditions (Attachment 2 — Section 1.3;  Attachment 3 — Section 1.3): |
|---|--|--|---|--|
|   |  |  |   | DELTACOM POSITION  |
| Closed  | Closed   | Closed   | Closed  | BELLSOUTH POSITION ISSUE STATUS Closed   |

| <ul> <li>a) Should BellSouth provide the option of a high speed link for SS7?</li> <li>b) Should BellSouth meet DeltaCom at the central office in the DeltaCom serving wire center?</li> </ul> | 7.64 (1997) (199 | b) If so, what rates should apply?  Unbundled Remote Call Forwarding  ("URCF") (Attachment 2 - Section | a) Should DeltaCom have access to call forwarding variable and remote access to call forwarding variable when testing whether NXXs are being correctly translated in the BellSouth network? | 18 Testing of NXXs. Call Forwarding Variable and Remote Access to Call Forwarding Variable (Attachment 2 – Section 9.2.5.1; Attachment 6 – Section XX): | 17 Provisioning and Cutovers (Attachment 2 – Section 3.7):  What language should apply to provisioning and cutovers? | •                                |
|--|--|--|---|---|--|----------------------------------|
|  |  |  |   |   |  | DELTACOM POSITION                |
| Closed   |  | Closed   |   | Closed  | Closed   | BELL SOUTH POSITION ISSUE STATUS |

| b) What should be the rate for Performance Data that BellSouth provides to DeltaCom regarding customer line, traffic characteristics, and other information? BellSouth be required to provide performance data for end-user customer line, traffic characteristics and common (shared) transport? | a) Should BellSouth be required to provide performance data for customer line, traffic characteristics and common (shared) transport? | DeltaCom after receiving a valid, error-free LSR?  24 Rate and Provision of Performance Data (Attachment 2 – Sections 9.1.4.15 and 11.3.2.3): | Whether BellSouth should provide dark fiber to DeltaCom under the same terms and conditions that it provides to itself?  23 Dark Fiber Holding Period (Attachment 2 – Section 8.2.4): | Dark Fiber Parity (Attachment 2 – Section 8.2.1): | NO.  Dark Fiber Availability (Attachment 2 – Section 8.1.1):  Does BellSouth have to make available to DeltaCom dark fiber loops and transport at any technically feasible point?   |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|
|   |   |   |   |   | Yes. BellSouth wants to require DeltaCom to pick up dark fiber loops only at the DeltaCom collocation site. In fact, the parties meet in locations other than a collocation site. It is technically feasible for BellSouth to make dark fiber loops available at other locations.   |
|   |   |   |   |   | BELLSOUTH POSITION  BellSouth's definitions of dark fiber comport with the definitions of loops and transport under the FCC's rules. BellSouth will make dark fiber loops available at DeltaCom collocations. DeltaCom apparently wishes to access dark fiber at points other than those specified by the FCC's rules. BellSouth believes it has no requirement to do so. |
|   |   | Closed  | Closed  | Closed  | STATUS Open   |

|        | (commuted on next page)  |   |  |       |
|--------|--|---|--|-------|
|        |  |   |  |       |
|        | Definition in Tectiver its development costs for DSL over  |   |  |       |
|        | RellSouth to recover its development and for Bollsouth to recover its development and the recover its development an |   |  |       |
|        | should now have not set how feeling (including who   |   |  |       |
|        | databases. The procedures and sout (i. 1. 1. 1.  |   |  |       |
|        | Clirrent existence would be able to interfer out of clishic out  |   |  |       |
|        | enhancements would need to be done to ensure our   |   |  |       |
|        | what cost and for which end users and many system  |   |  |       |
|        | are allowing use to use their spectrum for which states at   |   |  | 1 1   |
|        | databases would need to be created to track which CI ECo   |   |  |       |
|        | may not allow us to use their spectrum of all. (2) many  |   |  |       |
|        | requirements in order for us to use their spectrum. Some   |   |  |       |
|        | implications as each CIEC may propose different  |   |  |       |
|        | consuming and could nate with the extremely time   |   |  |       |
|        | individual ctate which with each individual CLEC by  |   |  |       |
|        | provide Day over the CLEC'S HFFL, Bellsouth would  |   |  |       |
|        | provide DCI coar the CIEC's Hear in the dollers  |   |  |       |
|        | CI FC loon: (2) in order for BellSouth to be able to   |   |  |       |
|        | permission to provision DSI over this portion of the   |   |  |       |
|        | frequency portion of the loop (HFPI) and lacks   |   |  |       |
|        | loop); thus, BellSouth does not have access to the high  |   |  |       |
|        | BellSouth provided facility (i.e. the CLEC owns the entire   |   |  |       |
|        | number of reasons, including: (1) a UNE-P line is not a  |   |  |       |
|        | receive voice services from a UNE-P provider for a   |   |  |       |
|        | not be required to provide DSL services to end users who   |   |  |       |
|        | FCC Rcd 2101, 2114 (2001) at \$\gamma\$ 26. BellSouth should   |   |  |       |
|        | Offering Advanced Telecommunications Capability, 16  |   |  |       |
|        | Docket No. 96-98, Deployment of Wireline Services  |   |  |       |
|        | and Fourth Report and Order on Reconsideration in CC   |   |  |       |
|        | and Order on Reconsideration in CC Docket No. 98-147   |   |  |       |
|        | they are no longer the voice provider." Third Report   |   |  |       |
|        | does not require that they provide [DSL] service when  |   | end user on the same line?                 |       |
|        | loops where incumbent LECs provide voice service, it   |   | provides UNE-P local service to that same  |       |
|        | portion of the loop available to competing carriers on   | anticompetitive tying arrangement.      | user with ADSL service where DeltaCom      |       |
|        | obligates incumbent LECs to make the high frequency  | consumer's ADSL service. This is an     | Should be south continue providing an end- |       |
|        | The FCC has said: "Although the Line Sharing Order   | she does, BellSouth disconnects the     | 0111 D-1101                                |       |
|        | situations where it is not the provider of voice service.  | DeltaCom voice service because if he or | Section 8.4):                              |       |
|        | has no obligation to provide DSL service over a loop in  | complaints that the consumer can't take | ONE-F Local Provider (Attachment 2 —       |       |
| Open   | No. The FCC has made it clear that an incumbent LEC  | Yes. DeltaCom has received consumer     | Provision of ADSL Where DeltaCom is the    | 22    |
| STATUS |  |   |  | NO.   |
| ISSUE  | BELLSOUTH POSITION   | DELTACOM POSITION                       | ISSUE DESCRIPTION                          | ISSUE |
|        |  |   |  |       |

|  | 26  | 25<br>(cont'd)   |
|--|---|--|
| and 9.1.2):  and 9.1.2):  and 9.1.2):  a) Is the line cap on local switching in certain designated MSAs only for a particular customer at a particular location?  b) Should the Agreement include language that prevents BellSouth from imposing restrictions on DeltaCom's use of local switching?  c) Is BellSouth required to provide local switching at market rates where BellSouth is not required to provide local switching as a UNE?  d) What should be the market rate?  | Local Switching – Line Cap and Other Particions (Attachment? – Sections 0132) |  |
| single physical end user location with four or more DSO equivalent lines.  b) Yes. This language is in other carrier agreements and is in the parties' current interconnection agreement.  c-d) This issue is subject to the provisions of the FCC Triennial Review order and the findings of the Commission in the impairment analysis prescribed by the order. To the extent BellSouth is allowed to price a service at market rates, those rates must be approved by the Commission and supported by relevant market data and analysis.   | a) The existing contract language states                                      |  |
| b) BellSouth is only required to provide local switching as set forth in FCC's rules, which do impose restriction on DeltaCom's use of local switching. BellSouth will provide local switching in accordance with FCC and Commission rules. This issue is more appropriately addressed in the Commission's Generic Local Switching Docket and, therefore, should be transferred to that docket.  c) BellSouth will provide local switching at market-based rates where BellSouth is not required to unbundle local switching.  d) An arbitration under §251 of the 1996 Act is not the appropriate forum for resolution of this issue. | a) BellSouth did not list "a" as an issue.                                    | (continuation from previous page)  UNE-P, we would either have to charge the CLEC, or the NSP or our shareholders. Either way, this would ultimately result in a higher cost for the end user, and would most likely make DSL less competitive compared to other broadband technologies. Furthermore, this would put the burden of whether CLECs provide their own DSL service on BellSouth; and (5) BellSouth provides wholesale DSL and FastAccess® on BellSouth-provided exchange line facilities. BellSouth's FCC Tariff No. 1, establishes DSL as an overlay service, and requires the existence of an "in-service, Telephone Company [i.e., BellSouth] provided exchange line facility." FCC Tariff No. 1, Section 7.2.17(A). A UNE-P line is not a BellSouth owned facility. Therefore, BellSouth should not be required to provide DSL over UNE-P. |
| a), c), d) Closed for AL, KY, MS and SC open in other states.  | Open  | STATUS   |

| b) Sh Do eli ha c) W  | 30 Prov<br>Section<br>a) Sh<br>co<br>fee         | 29 AIN Tri 9.1.4.16): Should B stand-alon interconne  | 28 Local S 9.1.3 th Should intercon switchin   | Should user or either local i   | NO.  Treatment Unbundled DeltaCom'   |
|---|--|---|--|---|--|
| <ul><li>b) Should BellSouth be required to provide DeltaCom the same conditions for network elements and combinations that BellSouth has provided to other carriers?</li><li>c) What terms and conditions should apply to the provisions of combinations?</li></ul> | nations be rec they                              | AIN Triggers (Attachment 2 – Section 9.1.4.16):  Should BellSouth offer AIN triggers on a stand-alone basis via DeltaCom's interconnected STPs? | Local Switching (Attachment 2 – Sections 9.1.3 through 9.1.63):  Should the existing language in the interconnection agreement regarding local switching and other issues be maintained? | Should calls originated by a DeltaCom end-<br>user or BellSouth end-user and terminated to<br>either DeltaCom or BellSouth be treated as<br>local if the call originates and terminates<br>within the LATA? | nent dled  |
| puired to provide thoms for network ns that BellSouth iers?   | Attachment 2 – quired to provide are technically | nt 2 – Section  N triggers on a DeltaCom's  | hment 2 – Sections language in the ant regarding local see maintained?   | DeltaCom end- nd terminated to th be treated as and terminates  | of Traffic Associated with Local Switching but Using CIC (Attachment 2 – Section |
|   |  |   |  |   |  |
|   |  |   |  |   |  |
|   |  |   |  |   |  |
|   |  |   |  |   |  |
|   | Closed   | Closed  | Closed   |   | STATUS<br>Closed   |

|         |  |  |   |   |  | - 35                          |
|---------|--|--|---|---|--|-------------------------------|
|         | 90   |  | 34  | S   | 32   | 31                            |
|         | (Attachment 2 – Sections 10.7 and 10.9.1):  a) Should DeltaCom be able to connect Ulloops to special access transport?  b) Are special access services being combined with UNEs today?   | (Attachment 2):  Should a "switch-as-is" non-recurring charge apply to conversions of special access DS3s to EELs as opposed to a non-recurring charge that is the sum of the elements? If so, what is the appropriate charge? | Audits (Attachment 2):  Should DeltaCom be required to reimburse BellSouth for the full cost of an audit?  Conversion of DS3 Special Access to EELs | Access Conversions to EELs (Attachment 2 – Section 10.3.1):  Can DeltaCom provide a blanket certification that refers to all three safe harbors for special access conversions? | Are new E to local use Availabilit Should EEI  | EELs (At 10.3):               |
|         | Access Combinations (ME/Special Access Combinations)  Attachment 2 – Sections 10.7 and 10.9.1):  Should DeltaCom be able to connect UNE loops to special access transport?  Are special access services being combined with UNEs today?  | witch-as-is" witch-as-is versions of posed to a am of the elate charge?  | Audits (Attachment 2):  Should DeltaCom be required to reimburse BellSouth for the full cost of an audit?  Conversion of DS3 Special Access to EELs | Attachment 2 – Section 10.3.1):  Can DeltaCom provide a blanket that refers to all three safe harbor access conversions?  | Are new EELs ordered by DeltaCom subject to local use restrictions?  Availability of EELs (Attachment 2):  Should EELs be available everywhere?  | (Attachment 2 - Sections 10.2 |
|         | ss Comb is 10.7 and 10 able to conn ss transport? ss transport ss transport ss transport ss transport?   | non-recur<br>special acc<br>non-recun<br>ements? If  | required to   | n 10.3.1):  n 10.het  a blanket safe harbor   | d by Delta(?) Attachmen  | - Section                     |
|         | Combinations and 10.9.1): connect UNE cort? rvices being   | ring charge<br>ess DS3s to<br>ring charge<br>so, what is   | reimburse<br>dit?   | to EELs certification s for special   | 100 mm - 100 | 10.2 and                      |
|         | b) a)  |  |   |   |  |                               |
|         | Yes. The parties' current interconnection agreement provides for this combination and it is in other interconnection agreements.  In various circumstances, DeltaCom has had special access services in combination with UNE services.   |  |   | Citizen Company   |  |                               |
|         | agreement tion and it greements.  Imstances, access so UNE servi   |  |   |   |  |                               |
|         | current provides is in other DeltaCom Dervices in ices.  |  |   |   |  |                               |
| 0) 110. | a) The 1 51.315) requirem services. Supplem rejecting co-mingl its Triem   |  |   |   |  |                               |
|         | a) The FCC Rules regarding combinations (47 C.F.R. 51.315) relate to combinations of UNEs. It contains no requirements for an ILEC to combine UNEs with tariffed services. Further, paragraph 28 of the June 2, 2000 Supplemental Order Clarification addressed this issue in rejecting MCI's request to eliminate the prohibition on co-mingling. This issue is being addressed by the FCC in its Triennial Review.   |  |   |   |  |                               |
|         | regarding mbination ILEC to c paragraph r Clarificat plest to ell ssue is beir   |  |   |   |  |                               |
|         | combinat<br>s of UNEs<br>ombine UN<br>28 of the<br>ion addres<br>iminate the<br>ng addresse  | T.   |   |   |  |                               |
|         | tions (47) tions (47) tions ti |  |   |   |  |                               |
|         |  |  |   |   |  |                               |
|         | Open   | Charles  | Closed  | Closed  | Closed   | STATUS<br>Closed              |

| The second secon | A A  |  | . 44-  |
|--|--|--|--|
| 39   | 3 × ×  |  | ISSUE<br>NO.   |
| Definition and Treatment of Local Tr and Tandem Switching (Attachment 3):  a) Should local traffic be defined as any that originates and terminates within LATA, is originated by either a Delta or BellSouth end-user, and is terminated a Delta Com or BellSouth end-user?  b) Does DeltaCom's switch perform tar switching?   | Hours of UNE/LCSC Center (Attachr Section 2.2.2.3):  a) Should BellSouth be required to ma UNE/LCSC hours from 8 a.m. to 5 local time? b) Must BellSouth finish a cutover started? | Collocatio Collocatio Where Del that goes can that spe UNE loop?   | Conversion   |
| finition and Treatment of Local d Tandem Switching (Attachment Should local traffic be defined as that originates and terminates with LATA, is originated by either a Dor BellSouth end-user, and is terminated by the constant of BellSouth end-user. The constant of the con | UNE/LCS 2.2.2.3): BellSouth CSC hours ne? BellSouth  | Collocation (Attachment 2): Where DeltaCom has a spethat goes to DeltaCom's c can that special access loop UNE loop?   | ISSUE DESCRIPTION on of a Special Access   |
| itment of ing (Attac ing (Attac ic be defind d termina ded by eithaser, and it llSouth ences switch pe   | be require from 8 :  | nent 2): as a speci om's coll ss loop be   | SCRIPTI<br>ecial Acc   |
| Definition and Treatment of Local Traffic and Tandem Switching (Attachment 3):  a) Should local traffic be defined as any call that originates and terminates within the LATA, is originated by either a DeltaCom or BellSouth end-user, and is terminated to a DeltaCom or BellSouth end-user?  b) Does DeltaCom's switch perform tandem switching?   | 91 E = R   | Collocation (Attachment 2):  Where DeltaCom has a special access loop that goes to DeltaCom's collocation space, can that special access loop be converted to a UNE loop?  | ISSUE DESCRIPTION  Conversion of a Special Access Loop to a  |
| uffic call the Com   | intain p.m.  |  |  |
|  |  | DeltaCom's collocation. This is not a combination. The AT&T/BellSouth agreement provides that in such instances the special access loop can be converted to a UNE loop. DeltaCom has requested the same treatment. DeltaCom should be offered the same process. Otherwise it will be placed at a competitive disadvantage.   | DELTACOM POSITION In some instances, DeltaCom has a  |
|  |  | sess loop to seem to be seen to be seem to be access loo open. Deltawatment. I same proced at a cored at a cored ed at a cored ed.   | DELTACOM POSITION e instances, DeltaCom has a  |
|  |  | on. This i<br>on. This i<br>C&T/BellS<br>nat in such<br>p can be c<br>Com has r<br>DeltaCom<br>ess. Othe<br>mpetitive  | POSITION IN PROPERTY OF THE PR |
|  |  | s not a south instances onverted equested should be rwise it   | ON<br>as a   |
|  |  | their in traffic circuit specific Clarific Circuits Neither FCC convers definitite termina   | CLECs  |
|  |  | their interconnection agreements and may chose to traffic currently routed over an existing special accircuit to those UNEs. The conversion requirem specified by the FCC in the Supplemental O. Clarification apply only to conversions of special accircuits to loop and transport (EEL) UNE combination. Neither the FCC Rules regarding combinations nor FCC Order addresses, either directly or indirect conversions of stand-alone elements, which are, definition, not combinations, but individual elements terminate in a collocation arrangement.  | B<br>may ord   |
|  |  | routed o UNEs.  the FCC ly only to the route of the route.  PCC ly only to the route of the route of the route.  Rules redresses, stand-alo ombination a   | BELLSOUTH POSITION rder standalone UNEs in a   |
|  |  | ements as ever an extra ver an extra ver an extra ver an extra con in the conversion conversion cont (EEL eggarding contine elements, but incompanies.   | TH POS<br>lone UNI   |
|  |  | nd may call the calculus of specific consisting specific consisting the calculus of specific combinations of specific combinations of specific combinations of specific consisting consistency | ITION  s in accc   |
|  |  | their interconnection agreements and may chose to roll traffic currently routed over an existing special access circuit to those UNEs. The conversion requirements specified by the FCC in the Supplemental Order Clarification apply only to conversions of special access circuits to loop and transport (EEL) UNE combinations. Neither the FCC Rules regarding combinations nor any FCC Order addresses, either directly or indirectly, conversions of stand-alone elements, which are, by definition, not combinations, but individual elements that terminate in a collocation arrangement.  | BELLSOUTH POSITION  CLECs may order standalone UNEs in accordance with   |
| Closed   | Closed   |  | ISSUE STATUS   |
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| 44   | 43   | 42  | 41   |  |   | ISSUE<br>NO.<br>40   |
| Establishment of Trunk Groups for Operator Services, Emergency Services, and Intercept (Attachment 3):  Should the interconnection agreement set forth the rates, terms and conditions for the establishment of trunk groups for operator services, emergency services, and intercept? | Trunk Group Service Request ("TGSR") (Attachment 3):  Should both parties (not just DeltaCom) use the TGSR to order trunks?  | Audits of PIU/PLU (Attachment 3):  Does a party have to pay for an audit if the reported factors are more than 20 percentage points overstated? | Percent Local Facilities ("PLF") (Attachment 3): Should DeltaCom report a PLF? | reach that POI within the LATA?  c) Should DeltaCom's existing POIs be grandfathered (i.e., not moved to an end office)? | <ul><li>a) Can a CLEC select only one POI per LATA?</li><li>b) Should each party pay its own costs to</li></ul> | ISSUE DESCRIPTION  Point of Interconnection ("POI")  (Attachment 3): |
| Yes. DeltaCom has its own operator/DA center and must be able to interconnect its TOPS platform with BellSouth's. DeltaCom is connected today and this mutually benefits BellSouth's operator services center as well as DeltaCom.   |  |   |  |  |   | DELTACOM POSITION  |
| No. These services are no longer UNEs and are therefore provided under the access tariff, not the Agreement.   |  |   |  |  |   | BELLSOUTH POSITION   |
| Open   | Closed   | Closed  | Closed   |  |   | ISSUE<br>STATUS<br>Closed  |

| 49   | 48  | 46   | ISSUE NO. 45   |
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| Should BellSouth limit the number of terminations?  Requirement to Provide List of Entities with an Interest in DeltaCom's Collocation Equipment (Attachment 4 – Section 5.2):  Must DeltaCom provide to BellSouth a list of those entities with a security interest in equipment in DeltaCom's collocation space? | Collocation Space ("Reverse Collocation") (Attachment 4):  Should BellSouth be required to compensate DeltaCom when BellSouth collocates in DeltaCom's collocation space? If so, should the same rates, terms and conditions apply to BellSouth that BellSouth applies to DeltaCom?  Provision of Terminations in Excess of Capacity of Equipment (Attachment 4 —           | BLV/BLVI (Attachment 3):  Does BellSouth have to provide BLV/BLVI to DeltaCom consistent with the language proposed by DeltaCom?  Compensation for the Use of DeltaCom's   | Switched Access Charges Applicable to BellSouth (Attachment 3 – Section 9.2):  Should DeltaCom be able to charge BellSouth switched access charges where BellSouth is the interexchange carrier? |
|  | interconnection agreement language. The same rates, terms and conditions that BellSouth applies to DeltaCom in this situation should also be applied to BellSouth when it collocates in DeltaCom's collocation space.   | DeltaCom has proposed language that is in the parties' current interconnection agreement. Unlike other CLECs, DeltaCom has its own operator/DA center and must be able to interconnect with BellSouth.  Yes. This is contained in existing | DELTACOM POSITION  |
|  | as the term "collocation" is defined by the Telecommunications Act of 1996; therefore, BellSouth does not need a collocation agreement and should not be forced to enter into a collocation agreement with DeltaCom. BellSouth has never collocated its equipment in DeltaCom's central offices for the purposes of collocation, nor does BellSouth have such an intention. | BellSouth will provide BLV/BLVI in a nondiscriminatory manner and at parity with how it provides such functionality to its retail customers.  BellSouth does not collocate in any DeltaCom premises  | BELLSOUTH POSITION   |
| Closed   | Closed  | Open Onen  | ISSUE<br>STATUS<br>Closed  |

| Sharing of Cost of Facilities for Transit Traffic:  a) Should BellSouth share 50% of the cost of the interoffice dedicated transport and local channel when BellSouth routes its originating local traffic over the transit trunk group?  b) Should DeltaCom be compensated for common transport and compensation minutes for this traffic? | Section 6.3.1):  Can BellSouth charge a subsequent application fee and/or other charges when no work is actually required?  Reciprocity of Charges (OSS Charges, Expedite Charges, "Change in Service Provider or Disconnect Charges", and any other Charges) (Attachments 1, 5 and 6):  a) Is DeltaCom entitled to assess charges to BellSouth for work performed on LSRs sent from BellSouth to DeltaCom (i.e., an OSS charge)?  b) Should DeltaCom be able to assess against BellSouth a "Change in Service Provider" charge?  c) Should DeltaCom be able to assess charges for work or performance for BellSouth? | ISSUE ISSUE DESCRIPTION  NO.  50 Subsequent Application Fee and Application Modification (Attachment 4 – |
|---|---|--|
|   |   | DELTACOM POSITION  |
| Closed  | Closed  | BELLSOUTH POSITION ISSUE STATUS Closed   |

| 56   |  | ISSUE              |
|--|--|--------------------|
| Cancellation Charges:  a) May BellSouth charge a cancellation charge which has not been approved by the Commission?  b) Are these costs already captured in the existing UNE approved rates?   |  | ISSUE              |
| May BellSouth charge a cancellation charge which has not been approved by the Commission?  Are these costs already captured in the existing UNE approved rates?  | Ites and Charges not Ordered by the mmission (All Rate Sheets; Attachment 6 section 6; Attachment 2 – Section 22.3.3):  Should BellSouth be permitted to impose charges related to UNEs that have not been ordered by the Commission in its recent Order in the generic docket for setting UNE rates?  Should BellSouth provide rate sheets for its contracts that specifically and separately identify those rates that have been approved by the Commission from those rates that BellSouth is proposing?  simburse Costs to Accommodate odifications (Attachment 2 – Section 2.2.8):  In BellSouth impose a charge that has not en approved by the Commission for anges to an order after an FOC has been sued?  the CFA fee reasonable and cost-based. | ISSUE DESCRIPTION  |
| cancellation proved by the ptured in the   | s; Attachment 6 action 22.3.3): itted to impose at have not been on in its recent ket for setting at sheets for its and separately at have been sion from those osing?  Accommodate t 2 - Section for FOC has been for FOC has been cost-based.  | Z                  |
| <ul> <li>a) No. Cancellation c been approved by the</li> <li>b) The basis for a ser cancellation charge established by BellSo</li> </ul>   |  | DELTA              |
| harge Comr Comr has uth.   |  | DELTACOM POSITION  |
| not<br>issed<br>oeen   |  | ON                 |
| a) BellSouth is ent provision of UNEs, element has not bee generic proceeding at the context of negot BellSouth should no issue before the Cor 252(c)(2) of the Act issues in an arbitratic b) These costs are n UNE approved rates.   |  |                    |
| a) BellSouth is entitled to recover its costs for the provision of UNEs. To the extent that a particular element has not been ordered by the Commission in a generic proceeding and BellSouth proposes such rate in the context of negotiating an interconnection agreement BellSouth should not be precluded from litigating the issue before the Commission in the arbitration. Section 252(c)(2) of the Act clearly requires resolution of rates issues in an arbitration proceeding.  b) These costs are not already recovered in the existing UNE approved rates. |  | BELLSOUTH POSITION |
| e extent that a by the Commouth proposes sinterconnection interconnection in the arbitratic requires resoluting.   |  | POSITION           |
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| Rates and Charges for Conversion of Customers from Special Access to UNE-based Service (Attachment 2 – Section 2.3.1.6):  AT&T to send a spreadsheet with a list of those Special Access circuits to be converted to a UNE loop that goes  BELIACOM POSITION  a) BellSouth is not required to perform conversions of special access to UNEs except for specific combinations. However, if BellSouth negotiates provision of such list of those Special Access circuits to be at market rates and would be outside the scope of the interconnection agreement.  |
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| a) spe Ho con be int   |
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| a) BellSouth is not required to perform conversions of special access to UNEs except for specific combinations. However, if BellSouth negotiates provision of such conversions pursuant to an NBR, such provision would be at market rates and would be outside the scope of the interconnection agreement.  b) BellSouth is not required to perform conversions of the provision of the contractions of the contraction of  |

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|  | 60   | NO. 59  |
|  | Deposits (Attachment 7 – Section 1.11):  a) Should the deposit language be reciprocal?  b) Must a party return a deposit after generating a good payment history?  | Payment Due Date (Attachment 7 – Sections 1.4 and 1.4.1):  Should the payment due date be thirty days from the receipt of the bill?   |
| review. The parties also disagree regarding whether a deposit should be assessed at all. BellSouth is seeking more stringent deposit requirements than exist in the parties' current interconnection agreement. This is unreasonable and unsupported. DeltaCom has proposed language that more accurately reflects DeltaCom's years of timely payments to BellSouth. | DeltaCom and BellSouth are in continuing negotiations to resolve this issue. DeltaCom supports language that is consistent with FCC policy on deposits including the basic principles of reciprocity, non-discrimination, transparency, payment history for timely billed undisputed charges and third party   | Yes. BellSouth has a history of rendering bills late or in error. DeltaCom is receiving thousands of invoices from BellSouth and generally the bills are arriving more than seven days after the invoice date. Moreover, DeltaCom has found numerous errors and received credits from BellSouth in the millions of dollars due to such inaccuracies. DeltaCom should be permitted at least 30 days from the date of receipt of the bill to review the bill and make payment and/or lodge a dispute regarding the erroneous portion of the bill. |
| for a deposit requirement to be placed upon BellSouth.  b) BellSouth should not be required to return a deposit after a CLEC generates a good payment history. Payment history alone is not a measure of credit risk.  | a) The deposit language should not be reciprocal. BellSouth is not similarly situated with a CLEC provider and, therefore should not be subject to the same creditworthiness and deposit requirements/standards. If BellSouth is buying services from a CLEC provider's tariff, the terms and conditions of such tariff will govern whether BellSouth must pay a deposit. Thus, the interconnection agreement is not an appropriate location | No. Payment should be due by the next bill date. BellSouth invoices DeltaCom every 30 days. To the extent DeltaCom has questions about its bills, BellSouth cooperates with DeltaCom to provide responses in a prompt manner and resolve any issue. It is reasonable for payment to be due before the next bill date.   |
|  | Open   | STATUS Open   |

| 6   |   | 63  | 62  | NO.   |
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| 64  |   |   |   |   |
| ADUF: What terms and conditions should apply to ADUF?   | Is it appropriate to include language for audits of the parties' billing for services under the interconnection agreement?  | <b>E</b> I •  | Limitation on Back Billing (Attachment 7 – Section 3.5):  What is the limit on back billing for                 | Method of Filling Billing Disputes (Attachment 7 – Section 3.2):  Should BellSouth use the same form and procedure for submitting a billing dispute to DeltaCom that BellSouth imposes on DeltaCom? |
| DeltaCom has provided language regarding ADUF. Specifically, ADUF is the Access Daily Usage File. When DeltaCom buys unbundled local switching, BellSouth provides DeltaCom an ADUF record for the billing of the access charges. DeltaCom should not be billed for ADUF records associated with local calls.   | ement.  | Yes. DeltaCom offered the language from AT&T's Interconnection  | It should be no longer than 90 days. Backbilling charges longer than 90 days is inappropriate between carriers. | DELTACOM POSITION   |
| DeltaCom is asking BellSouth to isolate and provide to them only certain ADUF records. BellSouth is not required to do this. Consistent with the FCC's 271 Orders in BellSouth's states, BellSouth provides competing carriers with complete, accurate, and timely reports on the service usage of their customers in substantially the same manner that BellSouth provides such information to itself. If DeltaCom wants a customized report, it should file a New Business Request. | terms and conditions and do not apply to other aspects of the Interconnection Agreement that are not required pursuant to Section 251. 47 USC § 252(i) only requires an ILEC to make available "any interconnection, service, or network element" under the same terms and conditions as the original Interconnection Agreement. Billing is not a Section 251 requirement subject to Section 252(i) and is, therefore, not subject to the pick and choose rule. | Adoptions pursuant to 47 USC § 252(i) are limited to network elements, services, and interconnection rates. | BellSouth's limitations for back billing are pursuant to the applicable state's statute of limitation.          | BELLSOUTH POSITION  |
| Open  |   | Open  | Open  | ISSUE<br>STATUS<br>Closed   |

| <br>66   | NO. 65   |                   |
|--|--|-------------------|
| Testing of End-User Data (Attachment 6 – Section 1.3):  Should BellSouth provide testing of DeltaCom end-user data to the same extent BellSouth does such testing of its own end user data?  | Notification of Changes to OSS and Changes of Business Rules/Practices (Attachment 6 – Sections 1 and 1.13.2):  a) Should BellSouth provide notice via telephone or e-mail when there are going to be changes to OSS with less than 60 days advance notice?  b) Must BellSouth be required to provide notice 60 days in advance of deployment of OSS changes that would impact DeltaCom? |                   |
| Yes. A set of test cases with controlled data is required. BellSouth's retail operation is able to test its code prior to deployment and see the results in ordering, provisioning, maintenance and billing venues. DeltaCom should have parity.   | DELTACOM POSITION  |                   |
| Arbitration is not the appropriate forum for the resolution of this issue. This issue involves process and systems changes that affect all CLECs on a regional basis and should be addressed in the CCP. In addition, BellSouth provides CLECs with access to the two testing environments: the traditional testing environment (used where a CLEC is shifting from manual to an electronic environment, or upgrading its electronic interface to a new industry standard) and the CLEC Application Verification Environment ("CAVE"), which allows CLECs to perform optional, functional, and pre-release testing for EDI, TAG, and LENS. These test environments are governed under CCP and were found compliant by the each of the state regulatory authorities in BellSouth's nine-state region as well as the FCC for BellSouth's 271 applications with regard to providing CLECS with a stable test environment. |  | The Column Dogram |
| Open   | STATUS<br>Closed   | ISSITE            |

| 70  | 69  | 188UE NO. 67   |
|---|---|--|
| Reimbursement of Costs for Trouble Analysis and Error Resolution:  Should BellSouth reimburse DeltaCom for DeltaCom's costs where BellSouth's errors require DeltaCom to do trouble analysis and error resolution?  Reciprocity of Porting Procedures:  Should the parties utilize the same porting procedures? | Inadvertent Transfer of Customers:  Should there be a process to allow a carrier to return a customer to its preferred provider in situations where the customer was inadvertently transferred to either DeltaCom or BellSouth? | Availability of OSS Systems (Attachment 6 – Section 3.3):  May BellSouth shut down OSS systems during normal working hours (8 a.m. to 5 p.m.) without notice or consent from DeltaCom?  Provision of Customer Service Records:  What requirements should apply to the  |
|   |   | Under no circumstances should BellSouth shut down DeltaCom's access to OSS during normal working hours without notice or consent of DeltaCom. DeltaCom schedules staff based on published hours of support. When BellSouth takes down all systems during normal business hours, DeltaCom is paying employees who have no tools to conduct customer transactions with BellSouth.  |
|   |   | Arbitration is not the appropriate forum for the resolution of this issue. This issue involves process and systems changes that affect all CLECs on a regional basis and should be addressed in the CCP. In addition, BellSouth provides DeltaCom and all CLECs with OSS system availability times. At certain times these systems are not available due to scheduled maintenance or upgrades. These are normally performed during off peak hours. CLECs are given notice as governed under CCP when OSS systems will not be available during normal availability hours. |
| Closed  | Closed  | ISSUE STATUS Open Closed   |